**ROHM HAAS** 🚺 | Beverages and Nutrition

PRODUCT DATA SHEET

# AMBERLITE<sup>™</sup> FPCI4 Na

Food Grade Strong Acid Cation Exchanger

# For the Decalcification of Thin Sugar Juices

## FOOD PROCESSING

AMBERLITE FPC14 Na has been specially developed for pharmaceutical and food applications (i.e. decalcification of saccharose thin juice) following a special manufacturing process which solvent free.

AMBERLITE FPC14 Na can also be used in the recovery of amino acids and is ideal as a general purpose gel type strong acid cation where a high capacity is required such as in amino acid recovery.

AMBERLITE FPC14 Na is a gel type, strong acid, cation exchange resin of the sulphonated polystyrene type. Its principal characteristics are excellent physical, chemical and thermal stability, good ion exchange kinetics and high exchange capacity.

### PROPERTIES

Matrix
Functional groups
Physical form
Ionic form as shipped
Total exchange capacity <sup>[1]</sup>
Moisture holding capacity <sup>[2]</sup>
Shipping weight
Harmonic mean size
Fines content <sup>[2]</sup>

Average value calculated from statistical quality control
Contractual value

Test methods are available on request.

# Amber beads Na<sup>+</sup> ≥ 2.05 eq/L (Na<sup>+</sup> form) 41 to 49 % (Na<sup>+</sup> form) 808 g/L 0.600 - 0.800 mm < 0.300 mm : 2.0 % max

Crosslinked polystyrene

Sulfonates

## SUGGESTED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Maximum operating temperature	120 °C
Service Flow rate	5 to 20 BV*/h
Regenerants	NaCl
Regenerant Level	60 to 250 g/L <sub>R</sub>
Regenerant Concentration	10 %
Regenerant Flow rate	1 to 3 BV/h
Minimum contact time	30 minutes
Slow rinse	2 BV at regeneration flow rate
Fast rinse	2 to 4 BV at service flow rate

\* 1 BV (Bed Volume) = 1  $m^3$  solution per  $m^3$  resin

#### FOOD PROCESSING

As governmental regulations vary by country, it is recommended that potential users seek advice from their Amberlite representative in order to determine the best resin choice, optimum operating and regeneration conditions.

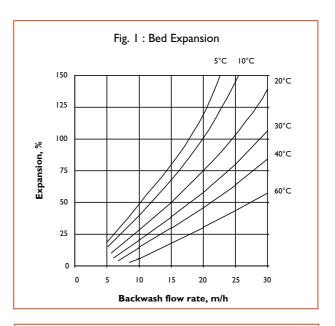
#### HYDRAULIC CHARACTERISTICS

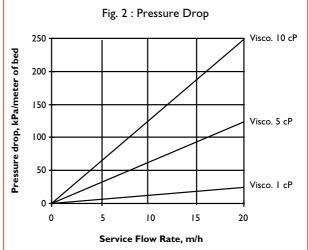
Figure 1 shows the bed expansion of AMBERLITE FPC14 Na, as a function of backwash flow rate and water temperature.

Figure 2 shows the pressure drop data for AMBERLITE FPC14 Na, as a function of service flow rate and viscosity of the solution to be treated.

#### **Conversion Factors:**

- 1 kPa/m equals 0.0442 psi/ft
- 1 m/h equals 0.41 USgpm/ft<sup>2</sup>





#### All our products are produced in ISO 9001 certified manufacturing facilities.

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#### http://www.amberlitefp.com



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In exchange resins and polymeric adsorbents, as produced, contain by-products resulting from the manufacturing process. The user must determine the extent to which organic by-products must be removed for any particular use and establish techniques to assure that the appropriate level of purity is achieved for that use. The user must ensure compliance with all prudent safety standards and regulatory requirements governing the application. Except where specifically otherwise stated, Rohm and Haas Company does not recommend its ion exchange resins or polymeric adsorbents, as supplied, as being suitable or appropriately pure for any particular use. Consult your Rohm and Haas technical representative for further information. Acidic and basic regenerant solutions are corrosive and should be handled in a manner that will prevent eye and skin contact. Nitric acid and other strong oxidising agents can cause explosive type reactions when mixed with lon Exchange resins. Proper design of process equipment to prevent rapid buildup of pressure is necessary if use of an oxidising agent such as nitric acid is contemplated. Before using strong oxidising agents in contact with lon Exchange resins, consult sources knowledgeable in the handling of these materials.

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